

# **LESSON NOTES PRIMARY ONE – NEWS**

# THEME: OUR HOME

## **SUB- THEME: FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS**

## **CONTENT:** Family members

- Father
- Mother
- Grand mother
- Son
- Daughter
- aunt
- uncle
- Niece
- Nephew
- Cousin

# **Exercise**

1. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ family is a family with father, mother, their own children and

other relatives. (Nuclear, Extended)

2. Draw these members of a nuclear family.

For more lesson notes, visit www.freshteacheruganda.com

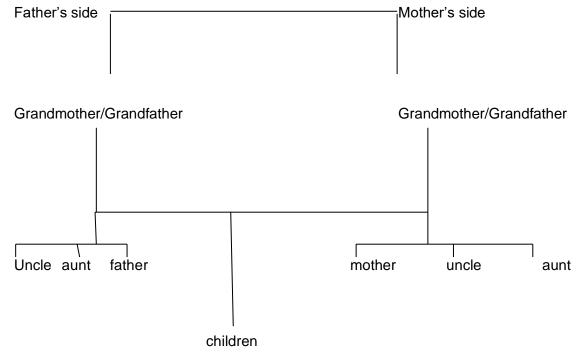
Father	Mother	Children	

- 3. Mention three people found in an extended family.
- (a) \_\_\_\_\_(ii) \_\_\_\_\_

#### THEME: OUR HOME

- Sub-theme: Family relationships
- Content: Family tree.

#### **MWOHO'S FAMILY TREE**



#### Activity:

- 1. The mother of your father is your \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. The father of my father is my \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. The brother of mother is my \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. The sister of my father is my \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. The son of my mother and father is my \_\_\_\_\_
- Theme: Our home
- Sub-theme: Family needs

### Content: Needs of the family

- Needs are classified into two.
- Basic needs: These are the ones you cannot do without. Examples include;
- (i) Food
- (ii) Water
- (iii) Shelter
- (iv) Clothes

# 2. Other needs;

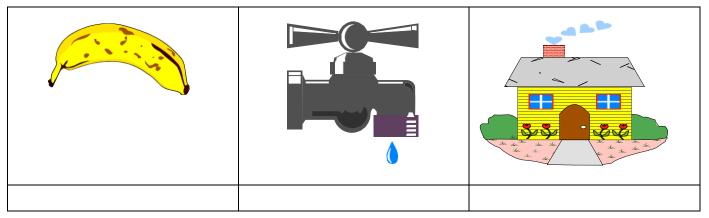
Which include

- Security

- Medical care
- Education
- Money

### <u>Exercise</u>

- 1. Mention basic needs of a family.
- 2. Name these needs of a family.



### Theme: Our Home

### Sub-Theme: Ways of meeting family needs.

## Content: Food

How we get food.

1. What is food?

Food is something we eat or drink.

- 2. How we get food
- by farming
- by buying food
- by hunting
- by fishing

### Exercise

- 1. What is food?
- 2. Mention three ways of how you can get food.

How do you get food at your home?
 By \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### Sub- Theme: Ways of meeting family needs.

#### Content: Sources of food.

- A source is a place where we get food from.
  These include;
- Garden
- Market
- Shop
- Forest
- Bush
- Farm
- Animals
- Lakes
- Rivers
- Swamps
- Super market

The main source of food is the garden.

#### <u>Exercise</u>

1. \_\_\_\_\_is what we eat or drink.

\_\_\_\_\_,

- 2. List down four places where we can get food.
- 3. What is the main source of food?

4. Draw a garden.

## Sub-theme: Ways of meeting family needs.

## Content: Uses of food.

- To grow well.
- To be healthy

- To get energy
- To be strong
- To be happy

### Exercise

2.

1. Fill in the missing letter.

Gr <u>w</u>	stro <u>g</u>	hppy	enrgy	he <u>lt</u> y
Why do we eat	food? (Give five reasons	3)		

We eat food to

(i)	
(ii)	
(iii)	
(iv)	

(V) \_\_\_\_\_

# Sub-theme: Ways of meeting family needs.

# Content: Food we get from animals.

- Cow: beef/milk/ghee
- Sheep: mutton
- Pig: pork
- Hen: chicken/eggs

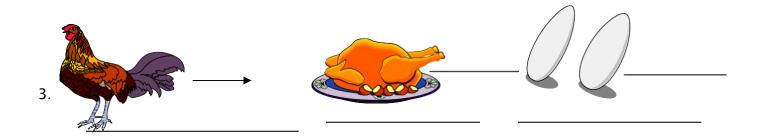
We get ghee, butter, ice cream, cheese etc from Milk.

# Exercise

1. Match the animal products

Sheep	milk /meat
Cow	eggs/chicken
Hen	mutton
Pig	pork

2. Name the things we get from a hen.



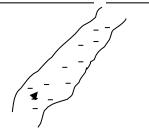
Sub-theme: Ways of meeting family needs.

#### Content: Sources of water.

- Rain. This is the main natural source of water.
- Lakes
- Rivers
- Swamp
- Ocean
- Springs
- Sea
- Wells
- Stream
- Other places where we can get water are, tap, borehole, tank, drum, etc
- 1. What do we call the main natural source of water?
- 2. Mention any four sources of water.
- 3. Name these sources of water.







# Sub-theme: Ways of meeting family needs.

Content:	Clothes				
Sour	ces of clothes	Examples o	f clothes		
Plant	S	dress			
Facto	ry	shirt			
Shop		skirt			
Mark	et	blouse			
		Gomas,	Kanzu,	socks, hat,	shoes etc

### Uses of clothes;

- To be warm.
- To be smart.

- To cover our body.
- To protect ourselves from bad weather.
- To protect ourselves against injuries.

## Exercise

1. Name two sources of clothes

## 2. Draw and name four clothes.

3. Give two reasons why we put on clothes.

# Sub-theme: Ways of meeting family needs.

# Content: Shelter.

Examples of shelter

- Trees
- Houses
- Tents

Why we need shelter. (houses)

- To live in .

- To keep in our things.
- To protect us from wild animals.

- To protect us from bad weather e.g. rain.
- To protect us from bad people.

#### Exercise;

- 1. Give any three uses of a house.
- 2. Mention any two sources of food.
- 3. Give two sources of water.

#### Theme: Our home

### Sub-theme: Roles of family members.

#### Content: Children's roles and responsibilities.

- Helping parents
- Cooking food
- Fetching water
- Cleaning
- Fetching firewood
- Washing utensils
- Grazing animals.

### Exercise

1. Give four roles of children at home.

2. Draw and name any two activities you do at home.

# Sub-theme: Roles of family members

# Content: Roles of a father.

- To head the family.
- To build the house.
- To buy the food.
- To buy clothes
- To pay bills.

# Roles of a mother

- Cooks food.
- Looks after the children.
- Feeds the baby
- Washes the clothes.
- Cleans the home.

# Exercise

- 1. Give two roles of a father.
- 2. List down two roles of a mother.
- 3. Who should buy food for the family?

# Theme: Our home

Sub-theme: Things found in our home and their uses.

Content: A house

What is a house?

- Is a building for people and other animals to live in.

# Parts of a house.

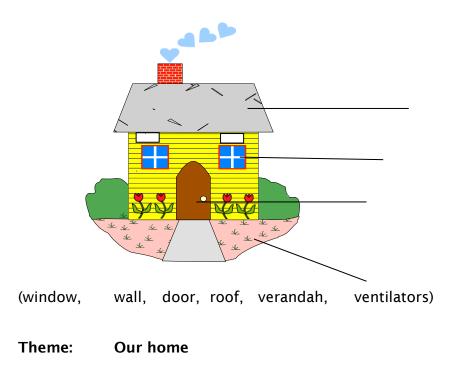
- Window
- Door
- Roof
- Wall
- Ventilators
- verandah

# Uses of different parts of a house.

- Window: for allowing fresh air and light in the house.
- Ventilators: to let out bad air.
- Door: For passing through.
- Roof: Protect us from sun/rain.
- Wall: Support the house.
- Verandah: for resting.

# <u>Exercise</u>

Name the parts of a house.



Sub-theme: Things found in our home and their uses.

Content: Rooms in a house.

#### <u>Uses</u>

- Bedroom: To sleep in.
- Sitting room: For sitting in.
- Kitchen: To cook food from.
- Bathroom: To bathe from.
- Dining room: To eat food from.
- Garage: Where we keep the car.

### <u>Exercise:</u>

- 1. A room where we cook or prepare our food from is a\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. We bathe from the \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Where do we sleep? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Visitors sit in the \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Food is served from the \_\_\_\_\_room.

#### Sub-theme: Things found in our home and their uses.

### Contents: Things found in rooms.

Sitting room: Chairs/sofa set

Tables, Television, radio, fan, Television stand

Bedroom: bed, wardrobe, clothes, pillow, blanket, bedcover, bed sheets.

#### Exercise:

- 1. Draw and name any three things we find in the bedroom.
- 2. Mention three things found in a bedroom.

### Sub-theme: Things found in our home and their uses.

Content:	Kitch	en			
	<u>Thing</u>	<u>as four</u>	nd in a kitche	<u>en</u> .	
Cook	ær,	pot,	spoon,	saucepan,	kettle, rack, knife, ladle, firewood,

plate, basket, charcoal, cup, charcoal stove

# Things found in the bathroom

Basin, sponge, soap, brush, water, toothpaste, soap dish, toothbrush, jerrycan.

\_\_\_\_\_,

### <u>Exercise</u>

- 1. Draw and name four things found in the bathroom.
- 2. Name these things found in the kitchen

# Sub; theme: Things found in the home and their uses.

#### Content: <u>Types of houses</u>

Permanent houses: They are strong houses which last for a long time.

### Examples of permanent houses.

- Bungalow
- Flat

Temporary houses: These are weak houses which don't stay for a long time. Examples include;

- Tent
- Kiosk
- Unipot
- Hut

# <u>Exercise</u>

- 1. Name two types of houses.
- 2. Give examples of these houses;

Temporary house \_\_\_\_

Permanent house

# 3. Draw a hut



#### Sub-theme: Things in a home and their uses.

#### Content: Building materials

#### Materials used for building permanent houses.

- Sand, tiles, timber, stones, bricks,nails, cement, iron bars, iron sheets, ventilators etc.

#### Materials used for building and their sources.

- Stones: quarry
- Iron sheets, nails, cement: Factory
- Sand: swamp/lake
- Timber: Forest
- Bricks: soil

#### <u>Exercise:</u>

1. Name these building materials.

2. Where do we get the following from	wing from?	follow	the	get	we	do	Where	2.
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Sand:	
Timber:_	
Stones:	 _
Nails:	_

Theme: Our home.

Sub-theme: Things in a home and their uses.

Content: Building materials.

#### Materials used for building temporary houses.

- Grass, cow dung, poles, reeds, papyrus, sisal, sticks, banana fibres, mud, strings

# Sources of temporary building materials.

- Sticks/grass - Bush

- Poles: Forest
- Sisal/banana fibres: garden
- Papyrus: Swamp
- Mud: soil
- Cow dung: kraal

# <u>Exercise</u>

1. Name these building materials.

- 2. Give any two materials used to build temporary houses.
- (i) \_\_\_\_\_(ii)

## Sub-theme: Things in a home and their uses.

#### Content: Animals

Domestic animals: These are animals kept at home.

### Examples include;

- Cow, ox, dog, sheep,hen, goat, duck, rabbit,turkey, donkey, parrot, camel,horse

### Uses of domestic animals.

- They give us food.
- Some animals guard us like a dog.
- They give us skins/horns/hooves
- They give us manure
- Some are used as means of transport.
- They give us wool/fur.
- Some birds give us feathers.

### Exercise

1. Name four domestic animals.

For more lesson notes, visit <u>www.freshteacheruganda.com</u>

## 2. Draw these domestic animals.

cat	dog	cow

### Subtheme: Things in a home and their uses.

#### Content: Wild animals.

What are wild animals?

### They are the animals which live in the;

- Bush
- Forst
- Water
- Zoo
- Game parks

# Examples of wild animals.

- Lion, snake, crocodile, zebra, fish, tiger, frog, monkey, rhino. Elephant, ostrich, tortoise, fox, hyena, giraffe.

### <u>Uses of wild animals.</u>

- Some animals give us meat.
- Some give us horn.
- Some give us skins.
- Some give us hooves.
- Birds give us feathers.

### Exercise

1. Name two wild animals.

2. Give three places where we find wild animals.

3. Name things we get from animals.



Theme: Our home

Sub theme: Things in a home and their uses.

## Content: Things made from animal skins and hides.

- Shoes, drums, belts, jackets, bags, coats, balls

# Exercise

1. Name four things got from animal skins.

# 2. Draw things made from animal skins.

shoes	belt	bag	drum

\_,

3. Mention two animals that give us skin.

### Sub theme: Things in a home and their uses;

Content:	Anima	al homes			
Cow	-	kraal	dog	-	kennel
Horse	-	stable	pig	-	sty
Cat	-	basket	hen	-	Run/pen
Man	-	house	bird	-	Nest
Rabbit	t -	hatch	fish	-	water

Bees	-	hive	spider -	web
Lion	-	den	monkey-	tree

Ant - antnill goat - snec	Ant	-	anthill	goat -	shed
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Caring for animal homes: sweeping, spraying, scrubbing

- 1. A cow lives in a\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. A pig lives in a \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. A dog lives in a \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. A lion lives in a \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. A cat lives in a \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. A horse lives in a \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. A spider lives in a \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. A hen lives in a \_\_\_\_\_

## Subtheme: Our home

### Content: Animal young ones.

Cow -	calf	cat -	kitten
Lion -	cub	bird -	Nestling
Hen -	chick	sheep -	lamb
Woman-	baby	duck -	duckling
Dog -	рирру	elephant-	calf
Fish -	fry	goat -	kid
Owl -	owlet		

### <u>Exercise.</u>

## 1. Match animals with their young ones.

Cow	sty
Lion	kennel
Hen	fry
Dog	calf
Pig	cub
Sheep	chick
Fish	lamb

- 2. A young bird is called a \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. A young goat is called a \_\_\_\_\_

Them	e:	Our h	ome						
Subth	eme:	e: Things in a home and their use			·5.				
Conte	ontent: Animal sounds								
	Baby	;	cries		a snal	ke	-	hisses	
	Pig	-	grunt	S	a goat	t	-	bleats	
	Dog	-	barks		a lion		-	roars	
	A cow		-	mows/moo		a cat	-	mews	
	An ele	phant	-	Trumpets		a hors	se	-	neighs
	A don	key	-	brays					
<u>W</u>	<u>ny anin</u>	<u>nals m</u>	<u>ake so</u>	unds.					
-	When	they w	ant foc	od.					
-	When	lookin	g for tł	neir young on	es.				
-	When	they n	eed he	lp					
-	When	they w	ant wa	ter					
1.	Write	their so	ounds						
	A cow					A bab	у		
	Α			bleats		A			barks.
2.	2. Give two reasons why animals make sounds.								
(i)					_(ii) _				
Sub-theme: Things in a home and their uses.									
Conte	ent:	Anima	al mov	ements					
	Baby	-	crawls	5	dog	-	runs		
	Fish	-	swims	5	cow	-	walks		
	Bird	-	flies		man	-	walks		
	Snake	-	glides	i	bird	-	flies		

Caterpillar wriggles lizard - crawls

Frog - hops

# Exercise

### 1. Match animals with their movements.

Frog	-	flying
Baby	-	walking
Snake	-	swimming
Bird	-	running
Fish	-	wriggling
Caterpillar	-	walking
Dog	-	crawling
Man	-	gliding

## Theme: Our home

# Sub-theme: Things found in our home.

#### Content: Plants

- Banana plant
- Bean plant
- Maize plant
- Carrot plant
- Mango plant
- Onion plant
- Pawpaw plant
- Cabbage plant
- Pine apple plant
- Tomato plant
- Ground nuts plants
- Sugar cane plant

Where we find some of these plants. e.g garden, forest, bush etc

# <u>Exercise:</u>

1. Mention any four plants in your home.

For more lesson notes, visit www.freshteacheruganda.com

2. Name these plants.

Theme:	Our ł	nome			
Sub: Theme	Theme: Things in our homes				
Content: Flowering plants					
Mean	ing:	These are p	lants which bare flowers e.g. ros	e flowers, morning g	jlory,
		hibiscus.			
Colours of	flower	<b>S</b> ;			
Red flowers,	, yellow	/ flowers,	blue flowers, purple flowers,	green flowers,	pink
flowers					
<u>Exercise</u>					
Shading colo	ours of	flowers;			
Yellow flowe	er		pink flower	red flower	
Green flower blue		blue flower			
Subtheme:	Thing	gs in our ho	me		
Content:	Parts	of a plant a	nd their uses.		
Leaves,	flowe	rs, sterr	n, branch, roots, fruits.		
		***	fruit		
	***		7		
			h flower		
	4				
	$\checkmark$		leaves		
branch stem					
			roots		
Exercise;		1.11			
1. Menti	ion any	, four parts o	f a plant		

2. Drawing and naming parts of a plant.

#### Subtheme: People in our community.

#### Content: Community

- What is a community?

A community is a group of people living and working together.

#### Exercise

- 1. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a group of people living and working together.
- 2. Give three examples of communities.
- 3. Draw these communities: Church, mosque, market

\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_,

Theme: Our community

Sub; Theme: People in our community

### **Content:** People in our community.

 Teacher, policeman, farmer, barber, doctor, priest/pastor, Nurse, Dentist, shopkeeper, Imam, Carpenter, Sheikh, L.C Chairman, Fish monger.

.

#### Exercise:

- 1. Name four people found in our communities.
- 2. Draw these people in our communities.

Teacher	Policeman	Farmer

Subtheme: People in our community and their work.

## Content: Work done by people in our community.

Teaching, building, fishing, mining, farming, keeping cattle, trading, cultural activities e.g. marriage.

## People with their work.

- Doctor: Treats sick people

- Shopkeeper: Sells things in a shop.
- Teacher: Teaches pupils.
- Farmer: Grows crops and looks after animals.
- Policeman: Keeps law and order.
- Dentist: treats our teeth
- Barber: cuts our hair
- Carpenter: makes furniture.
- Mechanic: repairs cars
- Pastor: Preaches
- Cobbler: mends shoes.

## <u>Exercise</u>

Fill in.

- 1. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ treats sick people.
- 2. A\_\_\_\_\_makes furniture.
- 3. A\_\_\_\_\_keeps law and order.
- 4. A grows crops and keeps animals.
- 5. A teaches pupils.

## Sub Theme: People in our community

### Content: People and their places of work.

- Teacher: School
- Mechanic: Garage
- Shopkeeper: Shop
- Doctor: Hospital
- Policeman: Police station
- Carpenter: workshop
- Barber: Salon
- Pastor/preacher: Church
- Imam: Mosque

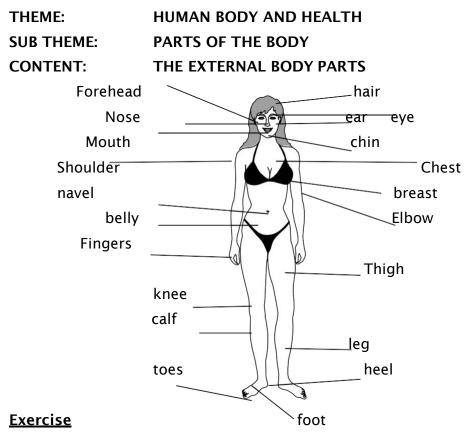
## <u>Exercise</u>

## Match people with their places of work.

Teacher salon

Mechanic workshop Policeman school

Imam	Garage
Barber	police station
Carpenter	mosque



Name the parts of the head

Subtheme: Parts of the body

Content: Parts of the Arm

Naming parts of the arm.

Naming parts of the leg.

Exercise

- 1. Naming parts of the arm and the leg.
- THEME: HUMAN BODY AND HEALTH
- SUB THEME: PARTS OF THE BODY
- CONTENT: Uses of the parts of the body
- Eyes:for seeingNose:for smellingEars:for hearingMouth:for eatingHands:for holding

Legs: for walking, running

Fingers: for touching

#### Sense organs

The five sense organs are;

Ears, nose, skin, tongue, eyes

- We use ears for hearing.
- We use the nose for smelling.
- We use the skin for feeling.
- We use the tongue for tasting.
- We use the eyes for seeing.

## Exercise;

1. Match the organs with their senses.

Sense organs	senses
Ears	seeing
Nose	feeling
Skin	hearing
Tongue	smelling
Eyes	tasting

2. Draw and name any three sense organs.

#### Sub theme: Parts of the body.

Content: Body exercises

Exercises which our bodies need.

-	Jogging,	-	sit ups
-	Hopping	-	dancing
-	Running	-	standing

- Jumping

pressure ups.

- Swimming
- Skipping

- Walking
- Riding
- Kicking the ball

Boxing the air \_

#### Why do we do exercises?

- To be strong \_
- To be fit -
- To be healthy -
- -To be happy.

## Exercise

Draw these exercises which our bodies need.

- 1. running 2. Walking 3. Swimming 4.
- 5. 6. Skipping boxing
- Why do we do exercises? (Give two reasons) 7.

#### Sub theme: Parts of the body

#### Content: Posture

## What is posture?

-Posture is to keep the body in good position.

## How to keep the body in good position.

- 1. By sitting upright.
- 2. By standing upright.
- 3. By walking upright.

## Exercise

- 1. \_is to keep the body in good position.
- How do we keep the body in good position? (Give three ways) 2.
- Sub theme: **Personal Hygiene**

#### Ways of keeping the body clean Content:

How to clean parts of the head.

The hair: By washing and combing. Dancing

By shaving.

The face, eyes and ears:By washingThe nose:By sneezing

By cleaning	
-------------	--

The teeth: By brushing

#### Things we use to clean parts of the head.

- Comb , water, razorblade, towel, scissors, sponge,handkerchief, ear buds, toothpaste, tooth brush, sticks, charcoal.

#### Exercise;

1. Write the ways we clean the following parts of the head;

Hair:

Face, eyes and ears \_\_\_\_\_

Nose:

Teeth: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Draw and name any four things we use to clean parts of the head.

#### Theme : The human body and Health

#### Sub theme: Personal hygiene

#### Content: Ways of keeping the body clean

How to clean parts of the arm

The nails: By cutting the nails short.

The hands: By washing the hands with clean water and soap.

#### When do we wash the hands?

Note: We wash the hands before and after eating food.

We wash the hands after visiting a toilet or latrine.

After touching dirty things.

Why do we wash the hands?

- To remove dirt.
- To remove bad smell.

- To remove germs.

Things we use to keep the hands clean

- Razor blade
- Water
- Soap
- Cutter
- Clenzer

### Exercise

1. Mention the ways we keep these parts clean.

Finger nails:	
Hands:	

- 2. Give three reasons why we wash the hands.
- 3. Draw and name three things we use to keep the hands clean.

4. Why do we wash the hands after visiting the toilet?

## Sub theme: Personal hygiene

## Content: Ways of keeping the body clean.

Why do we brush our teeth?

- We brush our teeth to avoid bad breath.
- To avoid tooth decay
- To remove germs

We keep the body clean by bathing.

## Importance of keeping the body clean.

- To avoid sickness.

- To avoid bad smell.
- To be smart.
- To be healthy
- To kill germs.

## Exercise:

- 1. Give two reasons why we brush our teeth.
- 2. How do you keep your body clean?
- 3. Why do we iron clothes?

### Sub theme: Ways of keeping latrine/toilets clean

- By sweeping
- By mopping
- By smoking.
- By flushing

## Things we use to clean toilets and latrines.

- broom, water, vim, rug, soap

## Toilet/latrine habits

- Flushing toilets after use.
- Cleaning yourself after using toilets or latrines.
- Washing hands after visiting the toilet or latrine.

## Exercise:

1. Give any two ways of keeping toilets clean.

# 2. Draw these things used to clean toilets.

broom	Bucket of water

3. Why do we wash hands after visiting the toilet?

- Sub theme: Sanitation
- Content: Rubbish disposal

### Ways we use to collect and dispose rubbish.

- By picking
- By sweeping

## Proper disposal of rubbish.

- We should keep rubbish in the dustbin.
- We should keep rubbish in the rubbish pit.

## Things we use to collect rubbish.

- Brooms
- Rake
- Spade

### Exercise

- 1. Mention any one way we collect rubbish.
- 2. Name two places where rubbish can be kept.
- 3. Draw the things we use to collect rubbish: (i) rake, (ii) broom

## THEME: THE HUMAN BODY AND HEALTH

### SUB THEME: DISEASES

## CONTENT: COMMON DISEASES

- Malaria

- Cough
- Influenza

- Diarrhea
- Cholera
- Dysentery
- Measles
- Tuberculosis
- HIV

### Causes of common diseases;

- Eating dirty things.
- Dust
- Not sleeping under a mosquito net.
- Eating with dirty hands.
- Not covering food.
- Drinking dirty water.

## Exercise;

- 1. List any four common diseases.
- 2. We should \_\_\_\_\_ our hands before eating food.

## Sub theme: Diseases are spread.

## Vectors

Vectors are living organisms which spread diseases.

\_\_\_\_\_,

Vector	disease
Housefly	diarrhea, trachoma, cholera
Dog	rabies
Flea	plague
Mosquito	malaria
Tsetse fly	sleeping sickness
Snail	bilhazia

# Ways of preventing common disease.

- Wash hands after touching dirty things.

- Wash hands before and after eating.
- Clear the bush around the home.
- Sleep under a mosquito net.
- Do not share sharp objects.
- Drink boiled water.

## **Exercise**

1. Match the vectors with the diseases they spread;

Mosquito	sleeping sickness
Housefly	malaria
Flea	diarrhea
Tse tse fly	plague

- 2. We can prevent common diseases by;
- (i) \_\_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_
- SUB THEME: HUMAN BODY AND TYPES OF WEATHER
- SUN THEME: THE CHILDHOOD IMMUNISABLE DISEASES
- CONTENT: THE EIGHT CHILDHOOD IMMUNISABLE DISEASES.
- 1. Polio
- 2. Measles
- 3. Tetanus
- 4. Hepatitis .B.
- 5. Tuberculosis
- 6. Dipheria
- 7. Influenza
- 8. Whooping cough.

## Signs and symptoms of killer diseases.

- Polio: weak or lame bones.
- Measles: Skin rash.

- Tetanus: stiff muscles.
- Tuberculosis: Loss of weight.
- Hepatitis .B.: Vomiting.
- Diphtheria: Sore throat
- Whooping cough: cough, vomiting.
- Influenza: runny nose

#### Immunization.

- What is immunization?
- Immunization is the giving of medicine to the body to protect it from killer diseases.

#### Exercise:

1. Name any two childhood immunisable diseases.

2. What killer disease makes children lame?

3. We prevent the killer diseases by \_\_\_\_\_

### SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER.

#### CONTENT: DEFINITION OF WEATHER

1. What is weather? Weather is the change in the atmosphere of a given place at a particular time.

#### Elements of weather/weather makers.

- Sunshine
- Rainfall
- Wind
- Cloud cover

#### Uses of elements of weather.

- (a) Sunshine
- N.B: The sun is the main natural source of heat, light and energy.

# <u>Uses of the sun.</u>

- The sun gives us light.
- The sun helps our clothes to dry.

- The sun gives us heat.
- The sun gives us vitamin D.
- The sun helps our seeds to dry.
- The sun helps our plants to grow.

## Exercise

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_is the change in the atmosphere of a given place at a particular time.
- 2. Name any three elements of weather.
- 3. The\_\_\_\_\_\_is the main natural source of heat and light.
- 4. Give any two uses of sun to man.

## SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER.

## CONTENT: DANGERS OF THE SUN

- Too much sunshine dries up plants.
- Too much sunshine dries water sources.
- Too much sunshine causes too much heat.
- Too much sunshine kills animals.
- Too much sunshine causes drought.

## <u>Rainfall</u>

N.B: Rain is the main natural source of water.

## Uses of rain.

- Rain gives us water.
- Rain makes the soil soft for digging.
- Rain helps plants to grow well.
- Rain fills wells, streams, lakes, swamps and rivers with water.

## Uses of rain water.

- Cooking, bathing, mopping, watering plants, drinking, washing etc.

#### Exercise

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_is the main natural source of water.
- 2. Give three uses of rain.

3. Write any two dangers of the sun.

THEME: WEATHER

#### SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER

#### CONTENT: DANGERS OF RAIN

- Too much rain causes floods.
- Too much rain kills animals.
- Too much rain spoils roads.
- Too much rain destroys plants.
- Too much rain destroys houses.
- Too much rain kills people.

#### Protecting ourselves from rain.

- We use an umbrella.
- Put on a raincoat.
- Stay indoors.
- Put on gumboots.
- Put on sweaters/jackets.

#### **Exercise**

- 1. Mention two dangers of rain.
- 2. How do we protect ourselves from rain? (Give two ways)
- 3. Draw these things we use on a rainy day.

 -

Umbrella	Gumboots

#### THEME: WEATHER

#### SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER

#### CONTENT: WIND

- What is wind?

Wind is moving air.

#### Uses of wind

- Wind dries our clothes.
- Wind helps kites to fly.
- Wind helps boats to soil on water.
- Wind helps in winnowing seeds.

#### Dangers of wind

- Strong wind causes storm.
- Strong wind destroys our houses.
- Wind destroys crops.
- Wind carries away top soil.
- Wind spreads diseases e.g. flue, measles.

### Exercise

- 1. What is wind?
- 2. Give any two uses of wind.

# 3. Draw these dangers of wind.

#### THEME: WEATHER

SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER

CONTENT: CLOUDS

#### Uses of clouds

- Clouds give us rain.
- Clouds cool the earth when they cover the sun.
- Clouds create shade.

#### Types of clouds.

- Nimbus clouds.
- Cirrus clouds.
- Cumulus clouds.
- Stratus clouds.
- N.B Nimbus clouds give us rain.

#### Exercise

- 1. Mention any two uses of clouds.
- 2. Which clouds give us rain?
- 3. Write any two elements of weather.

### SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER

# CONTENT: TYPES OF WEATHER

- There are four types of weather. These are;

- Sunny weather
- Windy weather
- Cloudy weather
- Rainy weather

# Activities done during sunny weather

- Harvesting crops
- Watering plants.
- Preparing the garden.
- Drying seeds.

# Exercise

1. Draw these types of weather.

Sunny	windy	cloudy	rainy

2. Write any two activities done during sunny weather.

# SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER

# CONTENT: ACTIVITIES DONE IN DIFFERENT TYPES OF WEATHER

# WINDY:

- Winnowing

# Rainy weather

- Planting seeds.
- Weeding (removing unwanted plants from the garden).

- Pruning (removing excess branches from the plant).
- Thinning (Removing excess plants from the garden)
- Water harvesting.

# <u>Seasons.</u>

- Seasons are periods when farmers carryout different activities.

# Types of seasons.

- Dry/sunny season.
- Wet/rainy season.

# Activities done in wet season.

- Planting, weeding, pruning, thinning etc.

# Exercise.

- 1. Write one activity done in wind weather.
- 2. The two types of seasons are \_\_\_\_\_\_season and \_\_\_\_\_\_season.
- 3. Draw these activities.

V	Vatering plants	Weeding

# SUB THEME: ELEMENTS AND TYPES OF WEATHER

# CONTENT: GARDEN TOOLS

# What are garden tools?

These are the tools which we use in the garden.

# Examples of garden tools.

- Axe, knife, hoe, rake, slasher, basket, watering can, wheel baroow, spade

# Uses of garden tools.

Axe: chopping, cutting big trees.

Hoe:diggingSlasher:slashing grassPanga:Cutting

Watering can:watering plants.Rake:collecting rubbish.Basket:carrying food.Wheelbarrow:carrying seeds, manure etc.Knife:cutting, peeling

# Exercise:

- 1. What do we call the tools used in the garden?
- 2. Draw these tools used in the garden.

axe			hoe			ra	ake	
3. Give	he use o	f these garden	tools.					
Wate	ring can:							
Slash	er:							
Bask	et:							
THEME:	ACCIE	DENTS AND SA	AFETY					
		DENTS AND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND S		T HOME				
	ACCI		AFETY A	Т НОМЕ				
SUB THEME:	ACCI	DENTS AND S	AFETY A	T HOME				
SUB THEME: DEFINITION: Content:	ACCI	DENTS AND S	<b>AFETY A</b> ger	-	bites,	falls,	electric shock	
SUB THEME: DEFINITION: Content:	ACCI It is an	DENTS AND S	<b>AFETY A</b> ger	-	bites,	falls,	electric shock	
SUB THEME: DEFINITION: Content: - Burns	ACCI It is an	DENTS AND S	AFETY A ger stings,	-	bites,	falls,	electric shock	
SUB THEME: DEFINITION: Content: - Burns	ACCI It is an	DENTS AND S expected dang poisoning,	AFETY A ger stings,	-	bites,	falls,	electric shock	
SUB THEME: DEFINITION: Content: - Burns Naming c Exercise;	ACCI It is an	DENTS AND S expected dang poisoning, ccidents at hor	AFETY A ger stings, ne.	-	bites,		electric shock	

2. Drawing and naming accidents from the chart.

# THEME: ACCIDENTS AND SAFETY

# SUB THEME: Accidents and safety at home

Content: Causes of accidents (ways and things)

- Razor blades,
- Broken bottle
- Knife
- Bees
- Electricity
- Snakes
- Cars
- Medicine

# How we get accidents

- Running carelessly.
- Playing careless games.
- Playing with electricity.
- Throwing stones
- Playing with sharp objects.
- Playing in the bush.
- Taking any medicine without following instructions
- Playing with fire

# Exercise

1. Naming things which cause accidents.



THEME: ACCIDENTS AND SAFETY

SUB THEME: Accidents and safety at home

Content: How to prevent accidents.

# Ways to avoid accidents.

- Do not run.
- Do not climb trees.
- Do not throw stones.
- Do not play bad games.
- Do not take medicine any how.
- Don't play with fire
- Don't play with dangerous animals and insects.
- Do not play with electricity.

# Exercise;

- 1. Mention any four things which may cause accidents at home.
- 2. Give two ways to avoid accidents.

# THEME: ACCIDENTS AND SAFETY

# SUB THEME: Accidents and safety on the way to school

Content: Common accidents on the way to school.

# Examples;

- Dog bite
- Stings
- Car accidents

- Snake bites
- Thieves
- Drawning

- Sharp objects
- Falls
- Kidnappers

# Exercise

- 1. Give three common accidents on our way to school.
- 2. Name these accidents on our way to school.

# THEME: ACCIDENTS AND SAFETY

# SUB THEME: Accidents on the way to school

Content: Causes of accidents on the way to school.

- Over speeding cars
- Playing on the road.
- Playing with dangerous animals.
- Climbing trees.
- Playing in the bush
- Over loading
- Bad driving
- Mad people.

# **EXERCISE**

- 1. Mention four causes of accidents on the way to school.
- 2. Draw these causes of accidents.

Climbing trees	Playing on the road

# THEME: ACCIDENTS AND SAFETY

SUB THEME: Accidents on the way to school

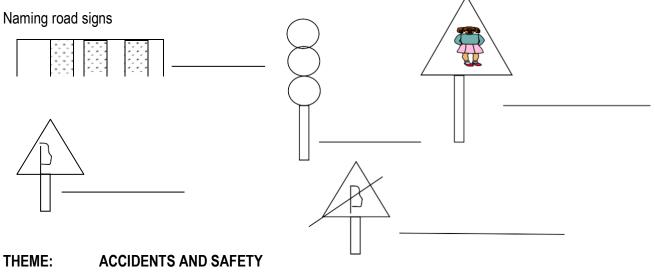
Content: Road signs.

Meaning and uses of road signs.

Road signs which guide us on the road.

- Zebra crossing
- Traffic lights
- Humps a head
- School ahead /children crossing
- round about
- Bridge
- Parking
- No parking
- Identifying road signs from the chart.
- Colours on the road signs. E.g. traffic lights and their meaning.

#### Exercise



SUB THEME: Accidents and safety at home

Content: Common accident at school.

- Falling
- Cuts
- Burns
- Electric shock.
- Drwning
- Fractures
- Falling in latrines/septic tank.

# Causes of accidents at school

- Climbing trees and walls.
- Bad playing
- Playing with sharp objects.
- Playing with electricity.
- Playing in unsafe places.

# <u>Exercise</u>

- 1. Mention three common accidents at school.
- 2. Give two causes of accidents at school.

# THEME: ACCIDENTS AND SAFETY

# SUB THEME: Accidents and safety at home

Content: How to prevent accidents at school.

# Ways of providing accidents at school.

- Don't run any how.
- Avoid bad play.

- Don't push your friends.
- Don't run with hot food.
- Don't climb trees and walls.

- Play in safe places.
- Don't touch or step on open electric wires.
- Don't play with sharp objects.

# Exercise

- 1. Give three ways of preventing accidents at school.
- 2. Draw these accidents

Drawning in the pool	Falling from the tree

# THEME: LIVING TOGETHER

# **CONTENT:** A family is a group of people living together related by blood or marriage.

# Types of families.

1. Nuclear family

A nuclear family is a family where we find father, mother and their own children.

2. Extended family

An extended family is a family where we find father, mother, their own children and other relatives.

# Examples of relatives

- Uncle
- Aunt
- Grandmother
- Grand father
- Cousin
- Nephew
- Niece

Father and mother start a family.

# Exercise

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_is a group of people living together related by blood or marriage.
- 2. The two types of families are \_\_\_\_\_\_family and \_\_\_\_\_\_family.

#### 3. Give two examples of relatives

#### SUB THEME: WAYS OF LIVING TOGETHER IN THE SCHOOL

#### CONTENT: SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

- Playing
- Sharing
- Eating
- Helping each other
- Learning
- Caring for others
- Working together

# School routine

These are activities done daily at school.

#### Examples of school routines.

- Obeying rules
- Saying the school prayer
- Reciting school motto.
- Singing the school anthem.

# Exercise;

1. Draw these activities you do at school.

playing	eating	learning

2. Write any one school routine.

# THEME: LIVING TOGETHER

# SUB THEME: WAYS OF LIVING TOGETHER IN A COMMUNITY

# CONTENT: WORKING TOGETHER

#### When do we work together?

We work together when;

- Clearing roads.
- Cleaning wells.
- Sharing with others.
- Helping others.

# Activities/ceremonies we do together in the community.

- Wedding
- Naming
- Baptism
- Birthday parties
- Burial
- Graduation parties

#### Exercise

- 1. Name two special people at the wedding.
- 2. Give two ceremonies done in the community.
- 3. Draw people at a birthday party.

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# THEME: FOOD AND NUTRITION

# SUB-THEME: NAMES AND SOURCES OF FOOD

# CONTENT: NAMES OF FOOD

What is food?

Food is anything we eat or drink.

# Names of food

Maize, cassava, sweet potatoes, Irish potatoes, bananas, rive, bbuga, cabbage, beans, meat, fish, chicken, peas,

eggs,

- N.B: Reasons why we eat food.
- To grow well.
- To get energy.
- To be healthy

# Exercise

1. Draw these foods

Maize	cabbage	beans	cassava	fish

# 2. What is food?

4. Why do we eat food? Give two reasons.

# THEME: FOOD AND NUTRITION

# SUB-THEME: NAMES AND SOURCES OF FOOD

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#### CONTENT: SOURCES OF FOOD AND HOW TO KEEP IT SAFE

#### Sources/places where we can get food.

- Garden, farm, river, lake, market, animals, plants, shops

#### How do we keep the food safe?

- By smoking
- By freezing
- By covering
- By salting
- By sun drying
- By cooking
- By washing

# Importance of keeping food safe.

To avoid;

- Contamination
- Rotting
- Bad smell
- Diseases

#### Exercise

- 1. Write any two sources of food.
- 2. Mention any three ways how we can keep food safe.

3. Give one importance of keeping food safe.

#### SUB THEME: KINDS OF FOOD

# CONTENT: BODY BUILDING FOOD.

- What are body building foods?

This is the food which builds our body.

#### Examples of body building food.

- Eggs, meat, peas, milk, fish, chicken, beans

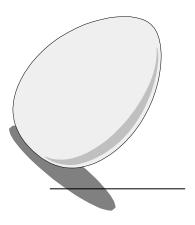
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#### Exercise

- 1. Name any two body building foods.
- 2. Name this food which builds our body.







# SUB THEME: KINDS OF FOOD

# CONTENT: HEALTHY BUILDING FOOD.

What are healthy giving foods?

This is the food which makes us healthy.

# Examples of healthy giving food

- Oranges
- Mangoes
- Apples
- Pawpaw
- Pineapple
- Jack fruit
- Water melon
- Passion fruit
- Sugarcane

# Exercise

1. Give any two foods which make us healthy.

# 2. Draw this healthy giving food.

orange	sugarcane	pineapple	apple

#### SUB THEME: ENERGY GIVING FOOD

#### CONTENT: EXAMPLES OF ENERGY GIVING FOOD

What are energy giving foods?

- Energy giving food is the food which gives us energy.
  Energy giving food include;
- Cassava
- Potatoes
- Bananas
- Posho
- Millet
- Yam
- Maize

#### Exercise

- 1. Name any two examples of energy giving food.
- 2. Draw this food.

bananas	potatoes	maize	rivce

#### THEME: TRANSPORT

#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

CONTENT: What is transport?

It is the movement of people and goods from one place to another.

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#### Types of transport.

- Rail
- Water
- Air
- Road

How we move from one place to another e.g. if you want to go to London etc.

#### **Exercise**

1.		is the movement of	and goods from one place to
	another.		
2.	Mention the four types of trans	port.	
(a)		_(b)	(c)
(d)			
3.	Name these		

# THEME: TRANSPORT

#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

CONTENT: Means of transport

- Car, bus, bicycle, foot, motorcycle, train, horse, boat, aeroplane, donkey, ship, helicopter, camel, train, canoe, ferry, tractor, trailer, jets.

#### Exercise;

- 1. Mention any five means of transport.
- 2. Draw these means of transport.

train	aeroplane	boat	car	donkey	lorry

#### THEME: TRANSPORT

#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

#### CONTENT: Water transport

This is the movement of people and goods from one place to another on water. It is the slowest type of transport.

#### Means of water transport

- Ship
- Boat
- Canoe
- Ferry

# Things transported on water.

- People,
- Food
- Animals
- Cars,
- Timber
- Firewood.

#### Exercise.

- 1. Give three means of water transport.
- 2. Name these of water transport.



# THEME: TRANSPORT

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#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

#### CONTENT: Air transport

- It is the movement of people and goods from one place to another.
- Air transport is the quickest type of transport.
- It is expensive.

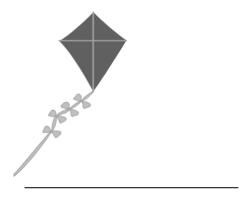
#### Means of air transport.

- Aeroplane, paracute, jet, air ballons, helicopter, cargo planes.
- We need aeroplanes at the airport/air strip.
- Things transported in air include; Goods, people.

#### Exercise

- 1. Give any three means of air transport.
- 2. We can find aeroplanes at the \_\_\_\_\_





THEME: TRANSPORT

#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

# CONTENT: Railway transport

#### Means of raitransport

- Train
- Tram

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#### Things transported on rail transport.

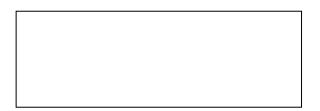
- Trains transport people and other things like crops, cement, minerals, boxes, containers.
- Trains transport people and goods.
- We find trains at the railway station.

#### **Exercise**

- 1. Write four types of transport.
- 2. Give two means of railway transport.
- (a) \_\_\_\_\_(b) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_,

3. Draw a train.



# THEME: TRANSPORT

# SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

# CONTENT: Road transport

#### Means of transport.

- Cars, cart,donkey, buses, horse, lorry, camel, bicycle, motorcycle.
- Road transport is cheap and easy.

# Things transported by road transport;

People, foods, animals, charcoal, timber, etc

# Exercise;

1. Give four means of road transport.

,

#### 2. Draw these means of road transport.

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_,

cars	Bicycle	donkey	bus

#### THEME: TRANSPORT

#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

#### CONTENT: Uses of transport

- To carry people.
- To carry things like food, building materials etc.
- To save time.
- To avoid getting tired in case of long distances.

#### Exercise;

- 1. Mention any two things carried by lorries.
- 2. Give three uses of transport.
- 3. Write means for each type of transport.

Water transport:

Railway transport

Road transport: \_\_\_\_\_

Air transport:

THEME: TRANSPORT

#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

#### CONTENT: Particular means for carrying people.

- Taxi's bicycle aeroplane
- Cars motorcycle -

-

\_ Buses Horse

\_

- train
- tram -

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

- donkey -
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camel

#### Particular means for carrying things.

- Lorries, trucks, camel, cargo planes, carts, wheel barrow, ship.

# Exercise.

- 1. Mention any two animals used for transport.
- (a) \_\_\_\_\_(b) \_\_\_\_\_

,

- 2. Give three means of transport used to carry people.
- 3. Give three means of transport used to carry things.
- 4. Draw a lorry carrying things.

#### THEME: TRANSPORT

#### SUB-THEME: TYPES AND MEANS OF TRANSPORT

- **CONTENT:** People who move different means of transport.
- Pilot: aeroplane, helicopter
- Driver: cars, Lorries, buses
- Cyclist: bicycle, motorcycle
- Captain: ship, train

#### Exercise

1. What is transport?

- 2. A person who flies an aeroplane is called a
- 3. A\_\_\_\_\_moves a ship.
- 4. A \_\_\_\_\_moves cars, lorries and buses.
- 5. A person who moves a bicycle is called a \_\_\_\_\_

#### THEME: THINGS WE MAKE

SUB-THEME: THINGS WE MAKE AT HOME AND AT SCHOOL

**CONTENT:** Things we make at home and at school using local materials are called crafts.

Examples of things we make/crafts.

- Mats
- Baskets
- Pots
- Dolls
- Toys
- Balls
- Ropes
- Hats
- Winnowers

#### **Exercise**

1.

\_\_\_\_\_are things we make using local materials.

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Name these things we make..







#### THEME: THINGS WE MAKE

#### SUB-THEME: MATERIALS WE USE AND THEIR SOURCES

CONTENT:	Materials		Sources
- Seeds	i	-	Forest
- Banan	a fibres	-	bush
- Sisal		-	swamp
- Clay		-	cotton
- Raffia		-	metal
- Palm I	eaves	-	plastic
- Banan	a leaves	-	garden

#### Exercise

1.	Match the materials to their sources.		
	Material	Sources	
	Palm leaves	garden	
	Clay	forest	
	Banana leaves	swamp	

2. Draw these things we make.

pot	mat	winnower

#### SUB THEME: Importance of things we make and ways of making them

#### CONTENT: Why do we make crafts?

- Domestic use e.g. sitting on.

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- Income generation (selling and get money)
- Playing with.
- Decoration e.g. flowers, flower verses, table cloths
- Teaching and learning
- For wearing

#### Ways of making crafts

- By modeling pots
- By weaving baskets, hats, mats etc
- By knitting sweaters, socks, table cloths, bed covers
- By tie and dying.

#### Exercise

1. Why do we make crafts? Give two reasons.

\_\_\_\_\_\_,

- 2. Name two things we make by modeling.
- 3. Write the ways the following are made.
- (a) baskets, mats and hats by .
- (b) sweater, socks and bed covers. By \_\_\_\_\_

# THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

# SUB-THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

# CONTENT: Things found in an environment.

What is environment?

- An environment are the things around us.

#### Components of the environment.

- These are the things which make up an environment. These include; people, rivers, lakes, animals, land, plants, stones, soil etc

#### Exercise

- 1. Mental work
- A \_\_\_\_\_ B \_\_\_\_C \_\_\_ D \_\_\_\_ 2 What is an environment?
- 2. What is an environment?

- 3. Mention any three things which make up an environment.
- 4. Draw these;
- (a) Stones =

(b) people = \_\_\_\_\_

THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

CONTENT: NON LIVING THINGS

#### What are non living things?

- These are things which do not have life.

# They include;

Table, chairs, pen, pencils, books, benches, desks, cupboards, shoes, dress, short, hat, bucket, cup, plate, spoon, stones, stool etc.

# Characteristics/things that non living things do not do.

- They don't move.
- They don't grow.
- They don't feed
- They don't breathe
- They don't re-produce.

#### **Exercise**

- 1. What are non living things?
- 2. Draw and name five non living things.

<sup>3.</sup> Mention five things that non living things do not do.

# THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT CONTENT: LIVING THINGS

What are living things?

- Living things are things which have life.

# Examples of living things include:

- Boy, man,, dog, rabbit, lion, girl, woman, cat, zebra, grass, trees, banana plant, maize plant, cassava plant, etc

# Characteristics/things that living things do.

- They move
- They grow
- They feed
- They breath
- They reproduce
- They excrete

### **Exercise**

- 1. What are living things?
- 2. Draw and name five living things.
- 3. Write the things that living things do.

# OUR ENVIRONMENT

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\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_\_,

,

\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

### SUB THEME: GROUPS OF LIVING THINGS

# CONTENT: The two groups of living things

- There are two groups of living things namely;



### Examples of plants are;

Onion plant, maize plant, grass, trees, sweet potato plant, G. nut plants, etc.

## Examples of animals include:

Cats, rabbit, cow, snake, lion, chameleon, goat, birds etc.

#### **Exercise**

1. Mental work

А	 В	C	 D	

2. Name the two groups of living things.

\_and \_\_\_\_\_

## 3. Draw and name animals you know.

4. Mention any two animals you know.

### THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

### SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

# CONTENT: FLOWERING PLANTS

What are flowering plants?

- Flowering plants are plants which bear flowers.

#### Examples of flowering plants include;

- Banana plants, orange plants, flower plants, mango plants, bean plants, apple plant, guava plants,.

#### Exercise

1. Mental work.

А	В	С	D

2. What are flowering plants?

## 3. Draw these plants .

Banana plant	Mango plant	Bean plant

### THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

# SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT.

CONTENT: Uses/things we get from flowering plants.

- For making furniture.
- For medicine.
- For food
- For making juice.

- For firewood.
- For making dyes.
- For building
- For decoration.

# Uses of flowers.

- For medicine
- For making dyes
- For building
- For decoration

# Uses of flowers

- For medicine
- For making dyes
- For making perfumes.
- For decoration

# **Exercise**

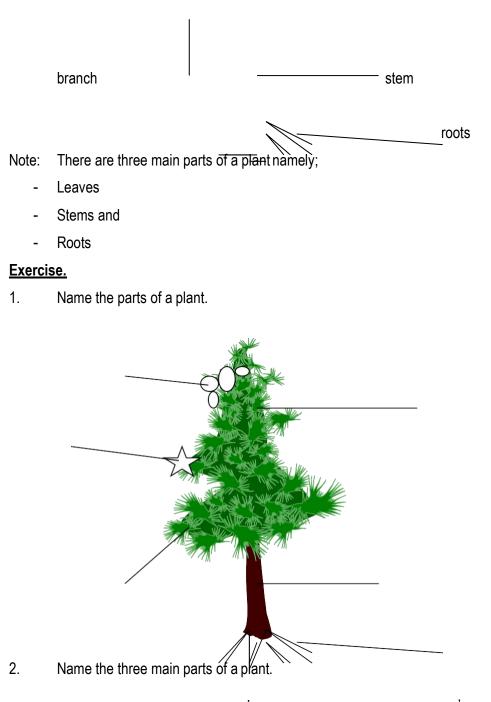
- 1. Give five uses of plants to us.
- 2. How are flowers useful to us? Give reasons.
- 3. Mental work

# THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

# CONTENTS: PARTS OF A FLOWERING PLANT





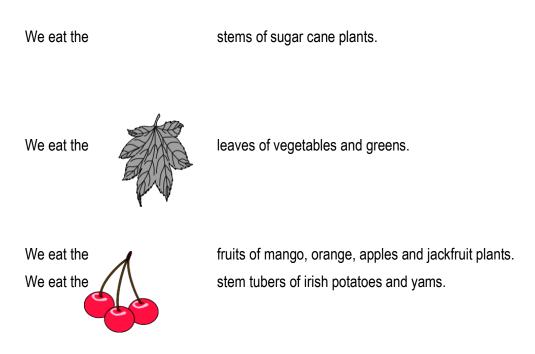
# THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

# SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

### CONTENT: Parts of a plant we eat.

We eat the

roots of cassava, sweet potatoes and carrots. Carrots.



# Exercise

1. Draw these parts of plants we eat.

fruits	leaves	stems	roots	Stem tubers

# 2. Name the parts we eat on each of these plants;

Sugarcane:

Greens (dodo)

Cassava and carrots: \_\_\_\_\_

Mangoes and apples: \_\_\_\_\_

Yams and irish potatoes: \_\_\_\_\_

# THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

CONTENT: Uses of parts of a plant to it.

Leaves: Plants breathe through them.

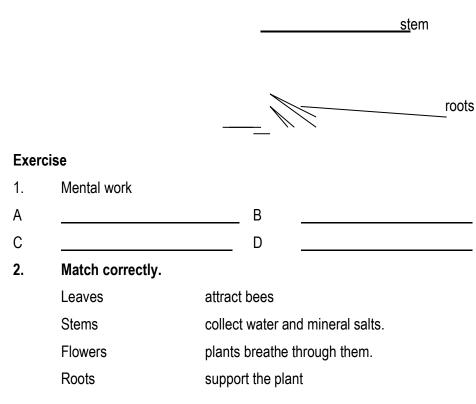
Plants lose water to the atmosphere through leaves.

- The stem: It takes water to other parts of the plant. It supports the plant.
- The flowers: Attract bees. Change to fruits
- The roots:Collect water and salts for the plant.Hold the plant firmly in the soil.

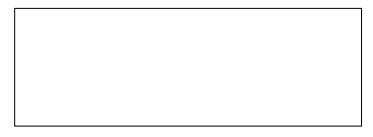
The plants breathe through the organs called stomata.

The three main parts of a plant are;





3. Draw and name the three main parts of a plant.



### THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

#### SUB THEME: COMPONENTS

### CONTENT: IMPORTANCE OF OTHER COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT.

#### Other components of the environment include:

- Lakes, gardens, schools, rivers, roads, hospitals, hills, forests, land, mountains, houses, animals.

#### Importance of other components of the environment.

Water bodies (lakes and rivers): Sources of food.

Provide us with water.

They are homes of animals.

Hills and mountains:	attract tourists
	Source of money
	We get building materials from them
Gardens:	source of food.
Roads:	used for transport.
Forests:	sources of building materials
	Homes of animals
	Attract tourists
Houses:	for sleeping in
Schools:	for education
Hospitals:	for medical treatment
Land:	for farming

# Exercise;

1. Draw and name any three components of the environment.

2.	Write the importance of the fol	lowing in the environment;	
(a)	lakes and rivers =		

#### THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

#### SUB -THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

#### CONTENT: THE SOURCES OF WATER

A source of water is a natural water provider or anything made by God. These are;

- Lakes, springs, rivers, rainfall, swamps, streams, oceans, seas, wells etc.

Note: The main natural source of water is rainfall.

#### Exercise:

1.	Mental work
А	= B = C =
D	=
2.	What do we call the main natural source of water?
3.	Mention any five sources of water.

### THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

### SUB – THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

#### CONTENT: Places from where we get water.

There are various places from where we get water namely;

- Taps, drums, boreholes, tanks, water reserves, etc.

#### Exercise;

1. Mental work

A = \_\_\_\_\_ B = \_\_\_\_ C = \_\_\_\_

D =

2. How do we call the main natural source of water?

## 3. Draw these places from where we get water ?

Tap   Borehole   Tank	Тар	Borehole	Tank

# THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

## SUB THEME: USES OF WATER

### We use water in different ways for example:

- For washing
- For drinking
- For bathing
- For watering plants
- For mopping
- For cooking

### Exercise

1. Mental work

=

А

=

В

C =

\_,

\_, \_\_\_\_\_

D = \_\_\_\_\_

- 2. Why do we need water at home? Give four ways.
- 3. Mention any two places where you get water for use.
- 4. Draw these uses of water;

drinking	washing	Watering plants

5. Name any two sources of water.

# THEME: OUR ENVIRONMENT

# SUB THEME: COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

# CONTENT: ACTIVITIES THAT SPOIL OUR ENVIRONMENT.

## There are various activities that spoil the environment. These include:

- Cutting down trees.
- Building in swamps.
- Brick making
- Farming (growing crops)
- Hunting
- Exposing bad smoke to the environment

### **Exercise**

1. Mental work

А	=	 В	=	 C =	
D	=				

2. Write any four activities that spoil the environment

# THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY

# SUB THEME: DEFINITION OF PEACE

Peace means living in harmony without fighting and quarreling with one another.

### Security:

Security means living with protection and freedom.

#### Factors that promote peace and security at home.

- Love Good relationship
- Obedience Respect
- Caring/helping Good feeding
- Good health Protection

#### People who promote peace and security in our homes

- Parents Guards
- Elders relatives

#### Exercise

- 1. Mention any two factors that promote peace and security at home.
- Underline ways of keeping peace and security at home.
  Fighting others, loving, quarreling, respecting

### THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY

# SUB THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY AT HOME.

### CONTENT: CAUSES OF INSECURITY AT HOME

- Stealing Fighting
- Poverty Diseases
- Violence lack of food
- Defilement child neglect
- Poor relationship Isolation

#### Exercise.

1. Mention any four causes of insecurity at home.

## 2. Draw these people who promote peace and security at home.

Parents	Guard

## THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY

# SUB THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY AT HOME.

# CONTENT: FACTORS THAT PROMOTE PEACE AND SECURITY AT SCHOOL.

- School rules
- Observing children's rights and responsibilities.
- Loving one another
- Caring for one another.
- Listening to teachers and friends.
- Obedience.
- Helping others
- Sharing
- Protection

### People who promote peace and security at school.

- Teachers
- Children (prefects)
- Nurse
- Guard
- Cooks
- Matrons

### **Exercise**

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- 1. Write any two factors that promote peace and security.
- 2. Mention three people who promote peace and security at school.

# THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY

SUB THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY AT SCHOOL.

# CONTENT: CAUSES OF INSECURITY IN OUR SCHOOL.

- Taking other people's things/stealing.
- Beating others/fighting.
- Not obeying rules and regulations.
- Teasing.
- Not respecting others.

How we can avoid insecurity at school.

- By helping our friends.
- By listening to our leaders.
- By following school rules.
- By loving one another.
- By respecting others.
- Not teasing others.
- Not stealing.

# Exercise

\_\_\_\_\_,\_\_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_,

- 1. Write any three causes of insecurity at school.
- 2. How can we avoid insecurity at school? (Give two ways)

# THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY

# SUB THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY IN OUR COMMUNITY

# CONTENT: HOW TO PROMOTE PEACE AND SECURITY IN OUR COMMUNITY

- By obeying rules.
- Respecting others.
- Loving others.
- Providing security.
- Reporting bad people.
- Solving conflicts (problems)

# People who keep peace and security in our community.

- Elder (men and women)
- Youth
- Local council members.
- Police
- Army
- LDU (Local Defence Unit)
- Parents
- Teachers
- Religious leaders e.g. Sheikhs, priests etc

# Exercise.

- 1. How do we promote peace and security in our community? (Give two ways)
- 2. Mention any three people who keep peace and security in our community.

# THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY

# SUB THEME: PEACE AND SECURITY IN OUR COMMUNITY

# CONTENT: WAYS OF PROMOTING PEACE AND SECURITY.

- By reporting bad people.
- By arresting thieves.
- By setting laws.

# Importance of peace and security

Peace and security

- Promotes love.
- Promotes harmony
- Safety
- Care
- Happiness

### Exercise

1. Give any two ways of promoting peace and security.

\_\_\_\_\_,

2. Write any two good things of having peace and security.